## **Amendments to the Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A method for authenticating comprising the steps of:
storing in a processing device a first short-range radio address for associated with a
cellular device in a processing device, wherein the processing device manages authentication and
identification of messages communicated to a cellular device independent from a communication
protocol used to communicate the messages;

obtaining an authentication message in-using the processing device;

storing providing a second short-range radio address to be stored in the cellular device, wherein the first short-range radio address and the second short-range radio address are the same;

calculating a first message digest responsive to the authentication message and <u>a</u> first short-range radio address;

transmitting, by over a cellular network coupled to the processing device, a cellular message including comprising the authentication message and the first message digest to the cellular device:

receiving wherein the cellular message is received, by the cellular device;

calculating a second message digest responsive to the authentication message and the second short-range radio address; and,

comparing, by the cellular device, wherein the cellular device compares the first message digest\_to with a second message digest to authenticate the cellular message.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the authentication message is randomly calculated.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the first message digest is a 128-bit value calculated by a one-way hash software component.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[1]] --3--, wherein the one-way hash software component is a MD5 software component.

- 5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the first and second short-range radio addresses are each comprise a Bluetooth<sup>TM</sup> address.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the cellular device includes comprises a short-range radio transceiver.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the cellular device is in a short-distance wireless network
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the short-distance wireless network is a Bluetooth<sup>TM</sup> wireless network.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the short-distance wireless network is an 802.11 wireless local area network.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the first and second short-range radio addresses are 48-bit values.
  - 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the cellular device is a cellular telephone.
  - 12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the processing device is a server.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A method for authenticating <u>a message communicated over a communication network</u>, the method comprising the steps of:

storing a first short-range radio address, for a cellular device, in a processing device wherein the processing device manages authentication and identification of messages communicated to a cellular device independent from a communication protocol used to communicate the messages;

obtaining an authentication message in the processing device;

storing a second short-range radio address in the cellular device, wherein the first short-range radio address and the second short-range radio address are the same;

calculating, by the processing device, a first message digest responsive to the authentication message and first short-range radio address;

transmitting, <u>by over</u> a cellular network coupled to the processing device, a cellular message including the authentication message to the cellular device;

## receiving the cellular message, by the cellular device;

calculating a second message digest responsive to the authentication message and the second short-range radio address;

transmitting, by the cellular device, wherein the second message digest is transmitted by the cellular device; and,

comparing, by the processing device, the first message digest to a second message digest to authenticate the cellular message.

14. (Currently Amended) A <u>universal</u> method <u>for encrypting and decrypting a cellular</u> message, comprising;

storing a first short-range radio address in a cellular device;

storing a second short-range radio addresses in a processing device which is independent of communication protocol, wherein the first short-range radio address and the second short-range radio address are the same;

encrypting a-the cellular message, by the processing device, using the second short-range radio address:

transmitting the encrypted cellular message to the cellular device; and decrypting the encrypted cellular message, by the cellular device, using the first short-range radio address.

15. (Currently Amended) A <u>universal method for encrypting and decrypting a cellular message</u>, comprising;

storing a first short-range radio address in a cellular device;

storing a second short-range radio addresses in a processing device which is independent of communication protocol, wherein the first short-range radio address and the second short-range radio address are the same;

encrypting a-the cellular message, by the cellular device, using the first short-range radio address;

transmitting the encrypted cellular message to the processing device; and decrypting the encrypted cellular message, by the processing device, using the second short-range radio address.

16. (Currently Amended) A<u>universal</u> method for identifying a cellular device comprising the steps of:

receiving, by the cellular device, a first cellular message requesting a cellular device identifier;

reading, by the cellular device, a first short-range radio address from the device; transmitting, by the cellular device, a second cellular message including the first short-range radio address;

storing a second short-range radio address in a processing device which is independent of communication protocol,; and,

comparing the first short-range radio address to the second short-range radio address to uniquely identify the cellular device.

- 17. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the first and second short-range radio addresses are Bluetooth<sup>TM</sup> addresses.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the cellular device includes a short-range radio transceiver.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the cellular device is in a short-distance wireless network
- 20) (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein the short-distance wireless network is a Bluetooth<sup>TM</sup> wireless network.

- 21. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the short-distance wireless network is an 802.11 wireless local area network.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the reading step includes executing a host controller command.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 22, wherein the host controller command is HCI Read BD ADDR and the short-range radio address is BD ADDR.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the first and second short-range radio addresses are 48-bit values.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the cellular device is a cellular telephone.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 16, further comprising the steps of receiving a third cellular message responsive to the second cellular message.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 26, wherein the first, second and third cellular messages are generated by a cellular network coupled to a processing device storing the second short-range radio address corresponding to the cellular device.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the first, second and third cellular messages are in a Global System for Mobile communications ("GSM") protocol.
- 29. (Currently Amended) A <u>universal</u> method comprising the steps of: receiving, by the <u>a</u> cellular device, a first cellular message having a first short-range radio address;

reading a second short-range radio address from the cellular device; comparing, by the cellular device, the first short-range radio address with the second short-range radio address;

<u>uniquely identifying another cellular device;</u> and, transmitting a second cellular message responsive to the comparing step.

- 30. (Currently Amended) A <u>universal processing</u> device comprising:
- a cellular transceiver within the device, wherein the device functions independent of communication protocol and wherein the cellular transceiver is capable to receive a first cellular message;
  - a first processor coupled to the cellular transceiver;
- a first memory, coupled to the first processor, capable to store a first software component for generating a command responsive to the first cellular message;
  - a second processor coupled to the first processor;
  - a short-range radio transceiver coupled to the second processor;
- a second memory, coupled to the second processor, capable to store a second software component for retrieving a short-range radio address associated with the short-range radio transceiver responsive to the command,

wherein the first software component authenticates the first cellular message using the short-range radio address.

- 31. (Original) The device of claim 30, wherein the first cellular message includes a message digest and the first software component includes a MD5 software component
- 32. (Original) The device of claim 30, wherein the first software component is a GSM baseband software component and the second software component is a Bluetooth<sup>™</sup> baseband software component.
- 33. (Original) The device of claim 30, wherein the short-range radio address is a Bluetooth™ address.
- 34. (Original) The device of claim 30, wherein the device is in a short-distance wireless network

- 35. (Original) The device of claim 30, wherein the short-distance wireless network is a Bluetooth<sup>TM</sup> wireless network.
- 36. (Original) The device of claim 30, wherein the command is HCI\_Read\_BD\_ADDR and the short-range radio address is BD\_ADDR.
- 37. (Original) The device of claim 30, wherein the short-range radio address in a 48-bit value.
  - 38. (Original) The device of claim 30, wherein the cellular device is a cellular telephone.
  - 39. (Currently Amended) A <u>universal processing</u> device, comprising:
  - a cellular transceiver capable to receive a first cellular message;
  - a first processor coupled to the cellular transceiver;
- a first memory, coupled to the first processor, capable to store a first software component for generating a command responsive to the first cellular message;
  - a second processor coupled to the first processor;
  - a short-range radio transceiver coupled to the second processor;
- a second memory, coupled to the second processor, capable to store a second software component for retrieving a short-range radio address associated with the short-range radio transceiver responsive to the command, wherein the cellular transceiver generates a second cellular message including the short-range radio address to identify the device, the device functioning independently of communication protocol.
  - 40. (Currently Amended) A <u>universal processing device</u> comprising:
  - a cellular transceiver capable to receive a first cellular message;
  - a short-range radio transceiver;
  - a first processor, coupled to the cellular transceiver and the short range radio transceiver;
- a first memory, coupled to the processor, the cellular transceiver and the short-range radio transceiver, capable to store:

- a first software component for executing a command responsive to the first cellular message;
- a second software component for providing a short-range radio address associated with the short-range transceiver responsive to the command, wherein the cellular transceiver generates a second cellular message including the short-range radio address identifying the device, the device functioning independently of communication protocol.
  - 41. (Original) The device of claim 40, wherein the command includes a function call.
- 42. (Original) The device of claim 41, wherein the function call is void hciReadBDAddr(BD\_ADDR\*bd\_addr).
- 43. (Original) The device of claim 40, wherein the first software component is a GSM baseband software component and the second software component is a Bluetooth™ baseband software component.
- 44. (Original) The device of claim 40, wherein the short-range radio address is a Bluetooth<sup>TM</sup> address.
  - 45. (Original) The device of claim 40, wherein the cellular device is a cellular telephone.
  - 46. (Currently Amended) A <u>universal</u> system comprising:
- a processing device within the system wherein the system is independent of communication protocol;
  - a cellular network, coupled to the processing device, for transmitting a cellular message;
  - a hand-held wireless device, including:
- a cellular transceiver to communicate with the cellular network, including to receive the first cellular message;
  - a short-range radio transceiver to communicate with the short-range radio network;
  - a processor coupled to the cellular transceiver and the short-range radio network;
  - a memory, coupled to the processor, to store:

- a first software component for executing a software instruction responsive to the first cellular message;
- a second software component for providing a short-range radio address associated with the short-range radio transceiver responsive to executing the software instruction, wherein the first software component authenticates the cellular message using the short-range radio address.
- 47. (Original) The hand-held wireless device of claim 46, wherein the first software component is a GSM baseband software component and the second software component is a Bluetooth<sup>™</sup> baseband software component.
- 48. (Original) The hand-held wireless device of claim 46, wherein the short-range radio address is a Bluetooth<sup>TM</sup> address.
- 49. (Original) The hand-held wireless device of claim 46, wherein the device is in a short-distance wireless network
- 50. (Original) The hand-held wireless device of claim 46, wherein the cellular device is a cellular telephone.
  - 51. (Currently Amended) A <u>universal</u> system comprising:
- a processing device within the system, the system being independent of communication protocol;
  - a cellular network, coupled to the processing device, for transmitting a cellular message;
  - a hand-held wireless device, including:
- a cellular transceiver to communicate with the cellular network, including to receive the first cellular message;
  - a short-range radio transceiver to communicate with the short-range radio network;
  - a processor coupled to the cellular transceiver and the short-range radio network;
  - a memory, coupled to the processor, to store:
- a first software component for executing a software instruction responsive to the first cellular message;

a second software component for providing a short-range radio address associated with the short-range radio transceiver responsive to executing the software instruction, wherein the cellular transceiver generates a second cellular message including the short-range radio address identifying the hand-held wireless device.

- 52. (Original) An article of manufacture, including a computer readable medium, in a device, comprising:
- a cellular software component for executing a first instruction responsive to a first cellular message from a cellular network; and,
- a short-range radio software component to provide a short-range radio address responsive to executing the first instruction, wherein the cellular software component authenticates the first cellular message using the short-range radio address.
- 53. (Original) The article of manufacture of claim 52, wherein the cellular software component generates a control signal to a cellular transceiver capable to generate a second cellular message containing the short-range radio address identifying the device.